

# THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE

VOLUME 14

CHAMPION, (Alberta) THURSDAY, Apr. 20, 1933

NUMBER 48

## NYAL V 8 BRUSHLESS SHAVING CREAM LARGE SIZE 35c

The Champion Pharmacy  
Phone 9  
Druggists & Chemists

## Sam Fong Cafe

FRIGIDAIRE ICE CREAM AND FRUIT  
CIGARS CIGARETTES TOBACCO  
SOFT DRINKS, ETC.  
ROOMS  
Best Meals in Town Bread For Sale

### GIVEN AWAY FREE

Congoleum Rug. Come in and try your luck.

You have till Saturday to take advantage of the Satin Glo Paint Sale.

See our window display of McClary's new line of Graniteware,

Axle Grease, per lb. 10c  
GUN GREASE, in 3 and 5 lb. tins, per lb. 14c  
IN BULK, per lb. 13c  
TRACTOR OIL, Genuine Dutch Shell, in half bbl. lots, per gal. 75c  
SWEAT PADS, each 45c

### UNDERTAKING & EMBALMING



Champion Spark Plugs 75c

## Farmer's Hardware

RES. PHONE 12

STORE PHONE 28



Champion Lodge  
A.F. & A.M.  
G.R.A.

Meets second Thursday in each month. Visiting brethren welcome.

J. A. LONG G. L. DEPUY  
W. M. Secretary.

DR. H. P. BARKER

Dental Surgeon

Graduate of Northwestern  
Dental University Chicago

Savoy Hotel Champion

Every Thursday

Phone Hotel for Appointment

## Herbert Cooper

Notary Public

Conveyancing

Real Estate

INSURANCE

In All Its Branches

Phone 50

Champion, - Alberta

## Dr. H. NEWTON HEAL

DENTAL SURGEON

In Champion Thursday

Fridays and Saturdays.

### Local and General

Miss Augusta McNaughton is a Calgary visitor this week.

Miss G. Granlin is spending the holiday visiting relatives in Gratum.

Rhubarb, Lettuce, Tomatoes, Celery Born this year at Campbell's.

Mrs. P. Gateuby and family are visiting relatives at Medicine Hat.

The Ladies Aid will meet on Thursday April 27th at the home of Mrs. Orr.

Miss Farries of Trochu is the guest of her brother, Mr. R. D. Farries.

Watson's Work Gloves, soft as a Baby's hand. Wear like a glove now at Campbell's.

Mrs. H. N. Heal spent a few days visiting in Magrath last week.

Miss Mary Folk was a Champion visitor this week.

Mrs. J. McLeod of Bawlf is spending the holidays at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Campbell.

Johnnie O'Connell of Brant is a visitor at the home of L. O. Heiser.

Mr. and Mrs. Beatin were Lethbridge visitors Thursday, taking in the Sign of the Cross.

Miss Dorothy Stoddart of Calgary is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Patterson.

Mrs. U. D. Smith and Morgan Smith were week end visitors at Hartley.

Mrs. J. Dobbs of Vulcan and Mrs. H. T. Lamont were Tablet visitors last week.

Miss M. Patterson was a visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Mallory of Kirkealdy last week.

Finest Sweet Pea Seeds, separate colors. Outside B. C. grown. 10c per package at Campbell's.

Miss Blanche Schooley is spending the Easter holidays at the home of Miss Kate Pharis.

Miss Blanche Blackburne of Lethbridge was the house guest of Miss Jean McEwen for a few days this week.

Miss Ella Stephenson arrived home Monday to spend the Easter week.

Mr. and Mrs. Manhard spent the week end visiting their daughter in Blackfalds.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Art Davies on April 17th, a son.

Early Ohio Seed Spuds. Plant now at Campbell's.

Mrs. C. Williamson entertained at dinner on Sunday, her guests including Mr. and Mrs. Johnnie Anderson and family.

The Anniversary dance to be held on Monday night was postponed due to the snow storm which made roads impassable.

Work Gloves Work Shirts, Windbreakers. There is good values at Campbell's.

Miss Jean Alder, who has been attending the Technical school at Calgary, returned to her home this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Irl Ditto entertained at dinner on Sunday, when their guests included Mr. and Mrs. Bach and family, Mr. and Mrs. John Hinzinger and Mr. and Mrs. A. Nelson.

Among those attending the Passion Play in Lethbridge this week were: Father Cunningham, Raymond Fath, Harold Fath, Philip Fath, Harold Bach, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Weiss and J. Weiss.

### April Meeting Women's Institute

The April meeting of the Champion W. I. met at the home of Mrs. Alexander. Four members and three visitors were present. The delegate to the provincial conference was chosen, Mrs. R. I. Baker. Arrangements for the tea and bake sale to be held on Saturday in U. S. Alexander's office were concluded, also the members who are going to help with the quilt are urged to be looking out their silk and satin patches. A wonderful part of the business was not one bill. Mrs. Chamberlin acts for W. I. on the committee for refreshments at the community hall on Easter Monday.

The next meeting is to be in the United Church.

The delegate to the District Conference at Lethbridge read her report and then the ladies had their treat of the month, watching Mrs. Dawson, Household Economics Chairman, making the most beautiful and delectable sandwiches. She made rolled sandwiches with the utmost skill and sang frolic and they stayed rolled and didn't break. She made a divinity loaf and checker board sandwiches and had upon faced ones that were too pretty to be just eaten up, but they were.

It was just too bad for everyone who wasn't there. We ate them all up and all the lovely cakes and macaroons that the lunch convener, Mrs. Baker brought and got \$1.85 collection.

### Novel Display

The ducklings on display in the window of Campbell's store have caused considerable comment during the week. Mr. Campbell imported the duck from New Westminster as a special Easter attraction. They are ten weeks old and the thirteen weigh approximately nine pounds. They are cared for by an electric brooder and then arrival speaks well of their progress. Their food consists of Dr. Rusk's duck mash and they consume one gallon of water every twenty-four hours.

### To The Wheat Farmers of the Champion District

A matter of interest to farmers in the territory is the effort being made by the Searle Grain Co. to spread good seed throughout the district. The company have given to their local agent, F. Clover, two bushels of the best seed obtainable in Marquis wheat. This is to be given to a farmer, who after growing same, will return four bushels to their agent, keeping the remainder for seed. The four bushels are again presented to two farmers who return eight bushels and etc. Through this method the Searle Grain Co. hopes to assist in spreading a good sample of grain and also to inculcate the desire for better seed.

Mr. Clover also has in his possession four different varieties of wheat, namely, marquis, garnet, reward and red haze, and two varieties of barley. These grains will be grown on M. Clover's land, east of the highway. Each variety will be marked and their progress determined by those interested. The idea is to ascertain the variety best suited to this district.



## Snow Storm Dance Friday April 21

### Best of Music

PRIVATE HOSPITAL  
\$2.00 PER DAY  
Trained Nurse in Attendance  
Phone 44

Champion United Church

Rev. Peter Dawson, Minister

Sunday, April 23

Blessed Morning Worship, 11.30 a.m.  
Yetwood Divine Service, 3.30 p.m.  
Champion Sunday School, 11.00 a.m.  
Champion Evening Worship at 7.30  
Subject—"2nd Series of Old Testament Characters." 1st in Series "Ezekiel."

HERBERT J. MABER

SOLICITOR, BARRISTER, NOTARY

VULCAN

At U. S. Alexander's office

every Thursday

## CHAMPION Theatre

Wed., April 26

## ARE YOU Listening

WITH

William Haines

MADGE EVANS

ANITA PAGE

KAREN MORLEY

NEIL HAMILTON

WALLACE FORD

JEAN HERSHOLT

JOAN MARSH

As You Sit Listening  
To Your Radio---

If you could look into the hearts of the unseen performers—what a thrill! Here is romance that comes to you from the soul of a love torn creature, and a new kind of entertainment every minute.

It's young!

It's different!

It's witty!

and

Wise!

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Wed., April 26

## Long Louie Cafe

The Best Place in Town to Eat



With the approach of the busy season we are prepared to cater to farmers and others with quick courteous service

--- We Appreciate Your Patronage ---

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, all Kinds of Fruit in Season, Ice Cream the Year Round, etc.

Phone 7

Phone 7

## Champion Trading Co.

## Many values at Special Prices

Come in and see  
them. It will pay you

## Special Appeal To Women

Australia's Safety Council Hopes To Prevent Accidents in Home

The National Safety Council of Australia makes in letters a special appeal to women everywhere. The last letter has reference to the frequency of scalding accidents to children, due to the careless handling of utensils containing boiling water or other liquids. A common cause of such accidents is the practice of putting boiling water into the bath and then turning away to obtain towels, or to get cold water to add to the hot water instead of putting in cold water first. A child recently swallowed the safety pin and chain attached to its "comfort" and died. Why a "comfort" at all?

The safety council urges specially to the danger of cleaning nappies gloves with petrol, and a case is cited in which the cleaning of silk gloves led to severe burning. But the risk is equally great with any kind of gloves, and with any material if it is rubbed when wet with petrol. Women will be very grateful to anyone who finds a substitute for petrol in cleaning that requires a large quantity of the cleaning agent. Dry cleaning by an expert is too expensive to be followed frequently, and there are few materials used for nappies, dresses or coats that will neither fade nor shrink when washed; some form of home cleaning is therefore necessary. Then there is the danger of inhaling the fumes, which may have serious effects. It is important to do all petrol cleaning out of doors. A great piece of safety is incessant vigilance and care.

## Cannot Finance Himself

High Priest Of Technocracy Is Completely Down and Out

Howard Scott, high priest of technocracy, who was going to put the whole country on its feet, cannot get on his own. He testifies in court that he cannot pay from \$3,000 to \$4,000 to about a dozen creditors, because all he owns is his wearing apparel and his bed clothes. He is no worse off than millions of others, but he is on the wrong side of the street. "My friends," he says, "have to support me." If he can show us how he does it, we can get him lots of customers. The late John Dodge once received a call from an "old-fashioned" man, who promised to save him \$100,000 by reorganizing his automobile plant. "Did you ever make \$100,000 running a plant?" "I can't say that I have," was the reply. "Then get 'em out of here," Curtin, Detroit-Sault Night.

## Less Space Required

Cattle Weighing 1,000 Lbs. Or Less Get Reduced Freight Rate

Canadian cattle weighing 1,000 pounds or under get a 30 per cent. reduction from the \$100 a head freight rate to the United Kingdom, it was explained by G. B. Rothwell, Dominion livestock commissioner. Mr. Rothwell appeared before the House of Commons recently and presented reports of his evidence caused some confusion. In his statement Mr. Rothwell explained that it is possible under present regulations, to accommodate five cattle of lighter weights in the space required for four cattle of heavier weights.

## New Line Of Research

Theory That Tarrad Road Cause Cancer Being Considered

Tar on surfaced roads has been put forth by Dr. J. Shelton Horsley of Richmond, Va., one of the possible causes for cancer in North America.

"Ridiculous as it sounds, the theory is being given serious consideration by science," said Dr. Horsley, a director of the American Society for the control of cancer, in an interview.

"It has been demonstrated that painting the ears of rabbits with tar over a long period of time will produce cancer."

"It is barely possible that the tar particles in the air over highways can cause cancer by settling in the skin or by lodging in the mouth, nose or throat."

The Detroit River is sometimes called the Dardanelles of the New World.

"Deck Danes on Cruise," states a headline. We have been on ships like that too.

W. N. U. 1900

## Worth Striving For

Premium Of One Dollar Offered For Select Bacon Hogs

In growing hogs it is necessary to always keep in mind the "select" type and aim toward that goal. The select bacon hog is the best grade on the market and represents the type of hog which will produce a carcass suitable for export as White-shire sides. At the present time, the premium of one dollar for "selects" represents a sufficient percentage of the total value of the hog to make it well worth striving for.

To produce hogs profitably it is not only necessary to produce just as many select hogs as possible, but they must be grown and fattened economically. This necessitates the use of cheap efficient feeds, and in most cases requires that the coarse grains and fattening feeds be grown at home. The feeding of hogs often helps materially in the marketing of low quality grain at a substantial price.

Good feeding practices must be adhered to in order to produce suitable type bacon hogs economically. Good feeding during the early stages of the pig's life and toward the ration and feed more of the fattening feeds as the hogs approach maturity. Of the grains, corn is the popular growing feed while barley and wheat are more commonly used for fattening purposes.

In addition to the feed factor, it is necessary to provide certain supplemental feeds in order to achieve best results. Protein in the form of skim milk or weight. Of the grains, corn is the popular growing feed while barley and wheat are more commonly used for fattening purposes.

Minerals too, should be supplied in order to supply the nutrients necessary for growth and skeleton formation.

The Division of Animal Husbandry, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, recently published a pamphlet, "Rations for Economical Pork Production." This pamphlet contains full information on feed mixtures for swine of various ages and may be procured free of charge.

## Women More Sensitive In Making Will

Men Think It Hastens Death Declares Lady Lawyer

"Women are more sensitive in the making of wills than men," said Miss Mildred McMurray, addressing a gathering of women in Winnipeg. "When a man has drawn up a will, he thinks he is going to die. Women look at the matter more practically." Two kinds of laws were in force in Manitoba, she explained. A person may write out his own will, that is, sign his name, and the instructions will be carried out. The will drawn in a lawyer's office with two witnesses, is for more complicated bequests. Be sure to keep the wording very precise. If you're going to write your own will, the lawyer says, "All my property, of every kind, I leave to my dearly beloved wife, Sarah Jane." If specifications are added about the children, like this: "I leave the age of 21, litigations of long duration follow."

Women in Quebec are less free than in other provinces in the owning of property, Miss McMurray continued. In Manitoba, property is held under the land titles system, with the province assuming the responsibility for the correctness to the title. Joint ownership, she explained, is a system of owning property between man and wife, with the last survivor getting the property. This system precludes the possibility of making a will.

Under the Dower Act, a woman of Manitoba may receive a third of her husband's estate at his death, but this share must not exceed \$5,000. In Saskatchewan a woman can sell her house without her husband's consent, but this is not the case in Manitoba.

## Has Strange Prerogative

The Tichborne, whose annual dote ceremony takes place in early spring on their Hampshire estates, have a strange prerogative. The head of the family may ride westwardly Amber on a horse on the occasion of a King's coronation. James II. granted this unusual privilege. The dote ceremony consists of the distribution of bags of flour to all tenants working on the Tichborne estates. Neglect of the ceremony is supposed to entail endless bad luck.

"You don't like my singing lessons. But you would be pleased if I became a star."

"Yes—the nearest is 15,000,000 miles away."

Man in midway between an atom and the smallest star in sky.

## AUSTRALIAN ARTIST PAINTS POPULAR DUCHESS



The portrait of the Duchess of York, which has just been completed by James Quinn, famous Australian artist, is to be exhibited at the Royal Academy Summer Exhibition. The portrait shows the Duchess in a simple white-collared black frock, with a mauve-lined coat flung carelessly over the back of her chair. Mr. Quinn is shown standing beside his work.

## Starts On Secret Mission

Mystery Again Surrounds Trip Of Master Locksmith To Europe

Charles Courtney, master locksmith of New York, has gone on his second mission to Europe within a year to aid in a treasure hunt.

Just what the present hunt is, however, was as much of a mystery as the one last June when he sailed on what later proved to be a trip to aid in opening treasure chests aboard the sunken liner "Egypy".

Neither Courtney nor anyone else connected with the present trip would talk about it. It was recalled that when he returned from the liner "Egypy" adventure last year, there were reports he would sail again this spring to take part in treasure salvage operations on the "Lusitania," the Canadian ship by a German submarine off Kinsale, Ireland, in May, 1916.

An even more fantastic speculation concerning Courtney's present trip was that it might have to do with efforts to locate the British cruiser "Hampshire" which carried Earl Kitchener to his death when it was sunk off the West Orkney Islands in June, 1916.

Kitchener was en route to Russia on a secret mission. Nothing made public at the time or after the sinking of the cruiser, however, contained any intimation of the warship carried treasure.

## Alberta Hog Marketings

More Than 34 Per Cent. Of Marketings For All Canada In 1932

A heavy year in hog marketings was recorded in 1932. In Alberta, which has now come to be recognized as one of Canada's hog provinces. More than 1,000,000 head went to market from the farms, or more than 34 per cent. of the total of all Canada's hog marketings for the year. Three years ago Alberta's total hog marketings amounted to only 25.63 per cent. of Canada's total. Last year more than 580,000 head of live hogs were shipped out of the province, mostly to eastern Canada, while 425,000 head were slaughtered within the province.

Graves have been found in the Elfen district of Germany of 8,000 members of a Celtic tribe which, it is believed, was entirely destroyed by Julius Caesar in 53 B.C.

## Causes Of Mental Trouble

Health Bulletin Says Fifty Per Cent. Caused By Environment

An appeal to every intelligent Canadian citizen to inform himself regarding the facts relating to mental health and to prepare to co-operate in an effective plan to combat mental disorder is made in a recent number of the Mental Health, monthly bulletin of the Mental Hygiene Institute, Montreal. It is pointed out that there were 30,448 patients in Canadian mental hospitals on January 1, 1932, and by December 31 of that year the number had risen to 32,609, an increase of 12.1.

"Apparently 50 per cent. of the mental problems receiving attention in special hospitals belong to what is known as the non-organic or functional group," Mental Health says. "In this group there is no demonstrable physical or toxic factor which has intervened to wreck the patient's life. Simple failures in the relationship between the individual and his environment have increased and grown in importance with the harmony in his relationship with the outside world. The disorder is entirely preventable in a very large part of this group, given a more widespread understanding of the principles of mental growth and the application of these principles in the lives of developing individuals in the homes and schools."

## Dislodge Readily Absorbed

No Danger From Monoxide Gas Poisoning In Open Air

Announcement was made last month ago of a discovery, along chemical lines, which would prevent poisoning from monoxide gas, but the effect of the discovery has been questioned, and it is presumed that those interested are still working on the formula.

In this connection it might be said that numerous cases of monoxide gas poisoning resulting in death have prompted the enquiry as to what extent the outside air in the streets of large cities is contaminated by the exhausts from motor cars. No cases are on record of involuntary monoxide gas poisoning in the open air, although a man was reported killed near Toronto while working at his car and breathing the fumes from the exhaust pipe in an open field.

It might be assumed that during calm, hot weather, in a street where motor traffic was dense, the air life outside air in the streets might contain a percentage of monoxide gas, but it is claimed by chemists that dilution with fresh air is readily accomplished and that it is difficult to conceive of atmospheric conditions in the open that would be dangerous to human life. It may be that those who complain of illness after breathing open air where they would avoid exhausts are operating are particularly susceptible to carbon monoxide poisoning and should try to order their affairs so that they would avoid areas of congested traffic as much as possible.

## Prices In California

Fruit and Fresh Vegetables Being Sold Very Cheap

A motor trip through Southern California just now impresses upon you the fact that fruit and fresh vegetables are being sold for almost nothing. Here are a few of the prices: One box containing four to five dozen large oranges, 25c; 2 large boxes of lemons, 25c; 1 box containing 35 pounds fine red tomatoes, 15c to 25c; large bunches of carrots, beets, etc., 1c per bunch. Cured meat is plentiful at low prices: ham, 15c, and 12c; bacon, 15c, and 18c, with the skin removed before weighing. Sugar is selling retail at 4c. per pound. Flour is \$1 for a 50-pound bag.

Is ye'r stuttin' any better noo-day, Angus?

N-ay, m-m-m, w-w-w-worse th-th-than ever.

Then Ah'll no bother ye tae say "Wheen," Ah'll just guess it.

## FANCIFUL FABLES



## Fish Demonstrations For Prairie Cities

Program Being Arranged For Cities Where Alberta and Saskatchewan Fish Cookery Demonstrations, Planned as Part of the Program of the Dominion Department of Fisheries, are now being arranged for Alberta and Saskatchewan cities, following the conclusion of demonstrations held on the Pacific Coast.

Prior to going to British Columbia some weeks ago, Mrs. Evelyn Spencer, the department's cookery specialist, had conducted demonstrations in different parts of Ontario, Quebec, and Manitoba.

The schedule for Alberta and Saskatchewan meetings has not been wholly completed but in making the arrangements for the work to be done by Mrs. Spencer in these provinces the Dominion Department will have the co-operation of provincial authorities. It is expected that demonstrations will first be held in several of the larger centres of Alberta and then Mrs. Spencer will begin the Saskatchewan program.

In British Columbia, Mrs. Spencer held demonstrations at Vancouver and Victoria, and visited Prince Rupert where she gave several addresses on fish foods and methods of preparing them for the table. She also spoke over the radio on a number of occasions and before several clubs. All of her work is designed to increase popular interest in the Canadian fishing industry and to stimulate the use of Canadian fish and shellfish. The Vancouver and Victoria demonstrations were most successful and representative of the Pacific Coast fishing industry expressed themselves as thoroughly convinced of the usefulness of the department's campaign as a means of increasing the demand for the fishermen's products. Approval of the campaign was officially recorded in a resolution passed by the Pacific Coast section of the Canadian Fisheries Association commending the department's "sincere and practical endeavour to stimulate greater consumption of fish" and praising the capable manner in which the work is being done.

Selected a day without wind, as early as possible in the spring—grass is a cool weather plant—and sow at the rate of one pound of seed to every two days to encourage a permanent lawn, one that will remain green year after year and improve in fineness and color as time goes by. If the seed is sown only as seed, it will be the best mixture to use. The good mixture is a careful blend of fescue to a dozen different varieties of grasses, sown, cover lightly by raking one way only, and then go over the plot with a pound or roller. The regular mowing, which should be done in late summer, when the grass is about two inches high, will destroy any weeds which may have survived the preliminary cultivation, although in the case of lawns, it may be necessary to dig these out and reseed. An application of commercial fertilizer or pulverized sheep manure will be especially timely, advisable every spring. Beware of ordinary manure as it is likely to be filled with weed seeds. If possible, water during very dry weather any soil once or twice when the ground is soft in the spring. Cut about once a week during the early part of the season and not later in late summer.

When To Plant: The temptation is to sow all flower seeds outside as soon as the soil is dry enough to permit sowing. In making of the cold, frosty weather which is to follow, writes W. T. Macoun, Dominion Horticulturist. The result is that many seeds rot in the ground without germinating and others germinate but soon after the plants appear above ground they are killed by frost. Annuals, the hardiest annuals and those which may be sown as soon as the soil is dry enough are the Sweet peas, Virginian Stocks, Poppies, the Shirley and California, Alyssum, Cornflower, Pot Marigold, Larkspur, Calceolias, Coriopsis, Candytuft, Cosmos and Linaria. Included in the more tender annuals which should not be sown until there is little danger of frost after the plants come up are the Nasturtium, Balsam, Zinnia, Marigold, Aster and the ordinary Stocks. There is also the temptation to set Geraniums, Petunias and other similar bedding plants outside too early, especially potted plants which have been inside in the winter. In most parts of Canada these should not be planted outside until near the end of May. Canas and Dahlias should not be planted outside until danger from frost is practically over, although Gladioli can be set out as soon as the soil is dry enough.

## A Famous Gold Mining Area

The Kirkland Lake gold area in Northern Ontario, is famed throughout the world because of the richness of its ore, the annual value of its gold output, the extent of its dividend disbursements, and lastly because of the remarkable success that has attended development work at the several properties in the area, according to the Department of Mines, Ottawa.

London taxi drivers are opposing the proposal of the British House secretary to increase fares.

Bouman's plan to develop a radio broadcasting system is making progress.

# Research Director Presents Many Striking Statistics To Indicate Upward Swing Of Wheat Prices

If history is to repeat itself, the all-time "low" in the price of wheat and probably of the general commodity price level has been reached.

This was the contention of Major H. C. L. Strange, director of research department of the Prairie Grain Co. Ltd., Winnipeg, who recently addressed a meeting of the general membership of the Regina Board of Trade.

Major Strange presented many striking statistics to indicate wheat should climb to 67 cents at country elevators as the surplus disappears.

Major Strange based his contention of the all-time price level having been reached "on the fact that what is occurring today occurred following wars of other years," and also of the report that the index number of wholesale prices rose from 63.8 in February to 64.4 in March, according to a statement issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Displaying a chart showing 500 years of wheat prices, collected by George Broadbent, eminent wheat statistician of Liverpool, England, the speaker said it could be noticed the price of wheat was ever fluctuating as it marched through time, but at the periods from 1400 to the present the price fluctuated very violently, both up and down, in periods corresponding to the three great world-wide wars—the 30 years war in Germany, the Napoleonic wars and the recent World War—each of them over 100 years apart.

"The length of time these fluctuations have taken to rise and fall have been substantially the same during each of the three wars. From the high price of wheat in the 30 years war in Germany to the bottom of the decline was 11 years, in the Napoleonic wars it was 10 and one-half years, and in the autumn of 1918, the eleventh year after the high price of wheat in the Great War, the decline was arrested in British sterling at Liverpool," the speaker said.

The price of wheat will rise at the country elevator two or three cents as the pound and dollar come closer together, Major Strange continued, adding that 10 cents should be the general commodity price level rise has come to the present time, it would also rise to the extent of the additional 26 cents a bushel, altogether to a price at the country elevator of 67 cents, should the situation completely disappear, the speaker claimed.

"I do not hesitate to say," Major Strange commented, "that all the economic forces at work in the world themselves upon what are tending to push back the price to the 1913-14 level, but perhaps not higher."

Some of the "causes" of the price within the trade have felt obliged to oppose, the speaker said, were such as the wheat board, an excise tax on wheat for making bread in Canada, reduction of wheat acreage in Canada and other proposals to replace the present methods of handling and marketing grain in the Dominion.

"The futures system of marketing has been, and is being, violently attacked by those who favor a wheat board," the speaker continued, adding, "they carefully refrain, however, from explaining what a wheat board could do that the present system is not already doing. They speak vaguely of differentiating between returning the world's price of wheat and returning the world's value of wheat. A distinction absolutely impossible to define, because they are one and the same thing as far as money is concerned."

Some stated the futures system of marketing had no interest in discovering new markets and that perhaps a wheat board or some other organization could do this, Major Strange continued.

"The fact is today that there are literally hundreds at work exploiting every possible wheat market in the world to displace of Canadian grain," the speaker said, "all experienced men, who are continually extending the virtues of Canadian grain and endeavoring to promote its use."

"Much has been said about untapped markets for wheat in China. This again is a fallacy," the speaker maintained. "The true facts are that China produces on the average twice as much wheat per year as does Canada, and in addition, four times the volume of rice that we do wheat in Canada, and that 430,000,000 people in China eat more cereals in the form of rice and wheat per head than do the people of Canada."

W. N. U. 1920

BARRED SHAFTS OF WIT LOST G. B. S. ADMIRERS



The rapid-like wit for which he is famous was the cause of losing George Bernard Shaw, celebrated author and dramatist, two of his most ardent admirers during his recent visit to Hollywood. En route to San Pedro, Shaw stopped off at the movie capital to see at first hand how the great industry is operated. During a tour of the sets he was introduced to a number of famous film stars, and it was at these introductions that G.B.S. gave his well-known wit the work-out that lost him two notable fans. First, the visitor bluntly inquired of Alice Brady "look a girl with a nice face like yours wears a hat like that?" That placed Miss Brady among the anti-Shawians, for while a woman will forgive many things, criticism of her clothes—her hat in particular—is not one of them. Shaw showed his next barb when Evelyn Ann Harding was introduced. Miss Harding remarked that she was soon to play in one of Shaw's plays—"Captain Brassbrow's Conversion." Whereupon Shaw inquired where she had played the part previously. Miss Harding said "a little town near Philadelphia," and was astonished when the dramatist announced: "I'm sure it must be a practical performance"—and as a piratical performance is the production of a play without payment to, or permission of the author. Miss Harding retired to her room in tears.



By Ruth Rogers



GRACEFUL FOR THE MATRON

Decidedly class and slimming. Delightfully becoming to the larger figure is a dress of the type presented for the matron's pattern.

The smart rever machine is a particularly helpful feature to cut the bodice broadly.

The skirt paralleled at the back with a bias yoke effect and vertical seaming down the center-front, are most slimming.

And how distinctive and smart your foot in this attractive navy blue crinkly crepe silk dress. For its trim, plain white crepe combined with a navy and white crepe print.

Style No. 523 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust.

Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 28-inch, with 1/2 yard 39-inch contrasting.

Its small cost will amaze you. Price of pattern 29 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 173 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

.....

Town .....

## Improving Nature

The chemical process used by nature to make coal from peat has been speeded up. What nature takes millions of years to do may be done by scientists in three months. A scientist in Cincinnati, O., has isolated the coal germ and with this bacteria can inoculate a peat bed so that it will turn into coal in a short time.

# A New Process For Sprouting Grain To Turn It Quickly Into Fresh Fodder For Cattle

## Watching For Contraband Shipments Of Munitions

Close Check Ordered On Ships From R.C. To Orient

Customs officials at British Columbia ports have been ordered to make a close check for contraband shipments to the Orient during the next few weeks. Hostilities in Jehol and the prospect of prolonged fighting have increased the demand for war materials, and it is suspected that munitions have been sent across the Pacific in the guise of ordinary merchandise.

There is a good deal of smuggling going on, according to investigators. Five hundred rounds of ammunition were recently discovered on the liner "Empress of Japan." This was shipped in boxes labelled with a bogus description and would have passed undetected had it not been for the customs officials' special vigilance.

There is no embargo on war materials leaving the country, provided they have been purchased in a legitimate way and all other legal procedure has been observed. For instance, the Japanese government recently completed purchase of a large quantity of steel track which has been laid at Port Mann over since construction of the Canadian Northern Railway was suspended many years ago. This material will probably be used in the manufacture of munitions, but is considered a strictly business-like deal.

Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company's Trade is making regular shipments of zinc to the Orient and there is but little doubt that most of it is used in the making of shells.

## A Chinese Landlord

Cancelled Payment Of Back Rent Oved By Unemployed Man

Somewhere in the city of Halifax there is a Chinese landlord with more "heart" than some of the English members of the rent-collecting fraternity. Experts of the agricultural society, however, expressed some doubt as to the feasibility of attempting to raise the rent of small value by feeding them these sprouts.

This, they declared, could be achieved only at much greater cost, and the result would be a small value of fresh meat, would not pay. The reason why it would be more expensive to fatten cattle by feeding them sprouts than by feeding them ordinary grain is simple. Quite aside from the cost of the liquid used to sprout grain, the process of sprouting itself is a loss of nutrients caused by the lack of sunlight and the resulting inability of the sprouts to accumulate carbohydryl hydrogen.

They live in a flat rented to them by the Oriental housewifery, who, along with other creditors, has been waiting for his money for several months. He called several times for the money and noted that each time the condition of the family seemed to be getting worse.

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After the departure of his Chinese tenant, he was placed up to enough to open the mine to discover to his joy that it contained, not an evicted tenant, but a recipient of the total of his back rent, amounting to more than \$150, wiping off the debt in its entirety.

Needless to say, any feelings of animosity that this particular family might have entertained toward the yellow race was eradicated by this act of unlooked kindness.

## Checked Up On Doctor

Boy In Montreal Hospital Proved Falsity Of Old speech

Royal Victoria Hospital in Montreal, claims to have found the original of "the child who notices things." His name is George Ross, aged ten. George arrived at the hospital to undergo a slight operation. Before the anaesthetic was administered, he was in charge made his usual little speech to the patient, assuring him that there would be no pain and that the whole affair would be matter of a minute.

George's first remark on coming out of the ether was directed in a reproachful tone to the doctor: "It was seven and a half minutes," he declared. A clock near the bed which George had studied last thing in and first thing out enabled him to check the doctor's veracity.

People of Vienna, Austria, are eating less food per person than a year ago.

Bees have a special liking for blue-colored flowers.

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## World's Seaplane Record

Italian Aviator Makes An Average Of Over 126 Miles Per Hour

"Red Bull," powerful little seaplane painted entirely red, broke the world's seaplane speed record recently in hand. Horse next to a Fiat in his delivery no less than France's, and last year according to official municipal statistics, 31,913 horses went under the butcher's axe. Turned into chops and steaks, they are sold in "butcher's chevalinas," horse butcher shops with a horse head in a shop sign. Many of the horses that are roasted for Parisian gourmets are animals that have cultivated their usefulness in the shafts of cabs on the other side of the Rhine. French doctors say that prejudice against horses is unjustified. It has splendid medicinal qualities and is especially valuable for anæmic persons.

Agello reached a maximum speed of 42.25 on his fourth lap, and his minimum was 42.66 in the third lap. Air officers said a new engine would be installed in an attempt to reach a speed of 700 kilometres per 427.5 miles.

Agello was a member of the Italian Schneider cup team in 1929. His successful attempt climaxed a series of such efforts at the high speed airport here in which several craft were lost.

## Will Review Income

A review of total income received by pensioners in the government service will be made, and if any are considered excessive, the salary, but not the pension will be reduced. This is intimated, was the position of government as outlined by Mayor W. J. Stewart, of Toronto.

Just when farm boys are adept in adjusting carburetors, the old horse stages a comeback and they've got to learn to load a halter.

## Exhibit From Alberta

Involving an expenditure of \$3,000, an Alberta grain exhibit is planned for Regina World Grain Show. Hon. George Healdy, Minister of Agriculture, and if the report Manitoba intended expending \$5,000 on a grain exhibit were correct, this province would take similar action.

"Water, would you be kind enough to ask the Manager to send a smaller waiter? My husband wants to complain of the food."

Demand for automobiles in Argentina in January was greater than the supply.



"No I don't old with 'em, Mac. More than one friend of mine 'as 'ad the bread 'n' butter took out of their mouths by them things." The Humorist, London.

A new process for sprouting grain within a few days so as to turn it into fresh fodder for cattle has been brought to the attention of German farm experts by Dr. Spangenberg, who believes that it will revolutionize cattle breeding by permitting industrial manufacturing of fodder.

The new process proposed by Dr. Spangenberg was recently tested by the German Agricultural Society is briefly as follows: The grain that is to be sprouted is spread upon large perforated iron sheets or ridges in a layer of about one inch. The ridges in turn are placed into open wooden cases of the same size, so that they are resting the middle of the cases.

By pouring a liquid over the grain at regular intervals a rich growth of light green sprouts is produced which may be harvested after ten to fifteen days, when they have grown to a height of about ten inches. Dr. Spangenberg did not neglect the nature of the liquid used in his experiments and to which he attributes an especially quick growth of the sprouts and their resistance to disease. It is a normally high nutritive value. Authorities on seed sprouting of the German Agricultural Society believe that this liquid is composed of phosphate of water, potassium nitrate, potash and lime.

Similar mixtures have already been used for some time in experiments conducted by the society. When testing the liquid applied by Dr. Spangenberg, the experts of the society applied at the same time their own mixture, especially in Water, and to other ridges, filled with grain. It was found that, as to the rapidity of growth, there was not much difference in the three cases.

The great advantage of this process is that it enables the farmer to introduce some variety into the menu of his cattle, especially in winter, when no fresh fodder is available. It, moreover, seems to have a beneficial effect on the milk production. Dr. Spangenberg maintains that tests in Larkwick have shown recently an increase of the milk production by 18 to 22 per cent, after feeding sprouts instead of grain only.

Experts of the agricultural society, however, expressed some doubt as to the feasibility of attempting to raise the rent of small value by feeding them these sprouts. This, they declared, could be achieved only at much greater cost, and the result would be a small value of fresh meat, would not pay. The reason why it would be more expensive to fatten cattle by feeding them sprouts than by feeding them ordinary grain is simple. Quite aside from the cost of the liquid used to sprout grain, the process of sprouting itself is a loss of nutrients caused by the lack of sunlight and the resulting inability of the sprouts to accumulate carbohydryl hydrogen.

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# TEAR IT DOWN

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BROWN LABEL NOW 25c 1/2 lb.**

## The Jig-Saw Puzzle Of Life.

Have you participated in the prevailing rage or fad of these latter days of the depression—

If so, what did you get out of it? A few idle hours of joy enjoyment as you sorted out the many and variegated colored pieces, cut in all their fantastic shapes, and sought to fit them together? Is that all you got for your money, your time, your intense concentration? If so, it was largely waste, and you would have been better employed in reading, or some light occupation, or even lying down in quiet and complete relaxation.

Or did you, as your fingers played with the fascinating bits of colored cardboard and you placed them together until out of a jumble of colors the design of the artist began to emerge into a thing of beauty, allow your thoughts full sway, and even study your own reactions to the comparatively idle task in which you were engaged?

For example, as hour after hour slipped by while you selected this piece and that and manoeuvred them about the table, endeavoring to make them fit where it seemed they ought to fit, but would not, did you become more and more impatient, or were you actually and truly developing what has become to many people—the lost art of patience? The question is: Did indulgence in this jig-saw pastime strengthen or weaken your will power to cope with the real puzzles which life itself presents?

Did working over the jig-saw suggest anything else to you? Did your employment in this form of recreation for tired bodies and troubled minds lead to more serious thought, to a contemplation of the complications of life, the consolations of life, and, as you finally solved the puzzle, the rewards and the beauty of life? Did you pause in contemplation of your own life, and give some heed to the pattern you were weaving out of the many pieces under your control to make it a thing of beauty, or mar it with ugliness?

A well known author, writing in the current issue of a popular magazine, tells how she spent most of the night working over one of these intricate jig-saw puzzles. As she worked well into the small hours, the pattern of the puzzle continued to elude all her efforts; she could not make the design come together; it persistently lacked both coherence and purpose. She became discouraged as the hours went by, growing both impatient and incoherent, until, at last, in extreme depression, she laid one impossible piece against the other one, and brushed aside those sections she had nearly completed.

Having almost given up hope of successfully solving the puzzle, she saw a certain indefinite fragment off to the side of the table. It was a tiny piece, and yet, when she had fitted it into the puzzle, her difficulties suddenly vanished. For that tiny fragment held the necessary clue to the puzzle's color and line. Set in its place, the pattern became clear and the design stood out in bold, brave fashion. In fact, in a very short time the jig-saw puzzle had ceased to be a puzzle; it had become a picture.

Surveying the finished picture, this author said to herself: "Life is pretty much this way. It is a mass of irregular, jagged pieces until we are able to find the secret of it. It seems absolutely without meaning until we've located the key piece."

The key piece—it is all important whether in working out the solution of a jig-saw puzzle of that still more intricate pattern of our lives. As the lady we have quoted further says, many of us work doggedly through the long darkness over the jig-saw puzzle called life. Often our profiles labor carries us well into the dawn, until we meet that hour when vitality is at its lowest ebb. We are prone at this time to grow confused and inaccurate, tearing up the bits that we have put in order, trying to fit impossible sections together in a foolish manner.

This is a dangerous period in our lives—in the lives not only of individuals, but of communities and states. It is then we are inclined to engage in pipe dreams, to forsake all the groundwork and experience of the past. We do not always realize that we are discouraged and confused because the key piece is missing. But it is there, and invariably, even though that piece has long eluded us, we will find it if we have patience and vision. It is not the part of wisdom to destroy the whole picture, but to continue to hunt for the missing piece—the key piece—that will serve to point out where other pieces have been misplaced, where additional pieces should be placed, until the whole stands out strong and splendidly completed.

And here is the greatest and kindest truth in the whole world—the key piece is usually a little thing that lies close at hand! This is true in a jig-saw puzzle employed to pass an idle hour; it is true of the key-stone of a great and beautiful building; it is true in life itself no matter how complicated and tangled it may seem.

An acquaintance of the writer, a young lady who is slowly recovering from a lingering illness of more than a year's duration, has passed many a weary hour working jig-saw puzzles. When asked if they did not tire her, she replied: "No, but as I work at them, having little time to do but rest, I give thought to what I am going to make of my life."

As you work over your jig-saw puzzles, of what are you thinking? What are you making, what do you intend to make, of the all-important jig-saw puzzle of your own life?

More books have been written on Abraham Lincoln than any other man. Napoleon held the record prior to 1870.

The Marlin, a fish that is plentiful in Lake Winnipeg, is sometimes called the fresh-water lung.

The entrance to the harbor at Churchill, Manitoba, has a low water width of 1400 feet with a minimum depth of 30 feet.

Giraffes, when their food is juicy can do without water almost as long as a camel.

## Unlooked For Discovery

Tests At Cornell University Indicate Diet May Cause Heart Trouble

An unlooked for discovery that diet may cause heart disease comes to light with the death of "Depression," the prize synthetic diet goat of Cornell University.

Apparently in perfect vigor, "Depression" had excited a few days ago and dropped dead. Autopsy showed death due to degenerated heart muscle, in the ventricle.

"Depression," moreover, was the sixth goat fed on the synthetic diet and all the others died of heart disease. This was a 100 per cent. record for whatever caused the fatal diet deficiency.

The diet substitutes cellulose for hay. It includes starch, casein, the solid part of milk, various mineral salts, yeast and cod liver oil. It is fed to goats and other animals in the Department of Animal Nutrition under direction of Dr. L. A. Maynard and Dr. C. M. McCay. The object is to discover the food factors best for animals.

Depression was 10 months old, the first herbivorous animal in history to live any length of time on synthetic "hay." His age brought home the significance of the diet heart disease.

Whether there may be human lesions in the heart diet factor is not known. In view of the fact that heart troubles cause more than 100,000 many deaths annually in the United States as the next most fatal disease, cancer, scientists regard the goat experiment with interest.

## FASHION HINT

"How to make my old short skirts conform to the latest style is a problem to me until I hit on the plan. I dropped the hems; and as the skirt had been turned under it was darker than the rest. I redyed the skirt and there you have it. The following directions in the Diamond Dyes package."

I used Diamond Dyes for the re-dyeing, of course. I have dyed many results—smooth, even colors—fast to wear and washing. Friends think my things are new when I redye or tint them with Diamond Dyes. They do give me the most gorgeous colors."

Mrs. G. C. Lewis, Quebec

## Motorists Are Asking

### Outlet For Tourists

Seventeen Miles Now Limit For Driving Outside The Pas

Motorists of the thriving northland town of The Pas, are bitten with the wanderlust and yearn for new highways to conquer. The tired business man here who goes for the day's hunt, travel far, seventeen miles is limited to Clearwater Lake. This has arisen from agitation for an outlet to the outside world, a project that would lead to a 100-mile pathway through virgin wilderness to Hudson Bay Junction, in Saskatchewan.

Read of reports to that point already exists it is not possible for cars. Brush has been cleared but grading has yet to be done. It is hoped to start work on this project this summer and efforts are being made to have it graded as a relief measure. Motorists here have no opportunity to register high mileage figures on their speedometers. The traffic, made up of 80 automobiles and 30 trucks, occasionally gets into a jam owing to the restricted driving area.

The car driver has a choice of four highways at present. The road to Clearwater Lake, which is the longest, is the most popular. Two other roads stretch for three miles, the other highway measures but four.

## Potato Exports Heavy

Heavy shipments of potatoes from Prince Edward Island are being received at Halifax over the lines of the Canadian National Railways and indicate a strong revival in the export business in this line from the Nova Scotia port. About 200 carloads in all have been booked for export and steamers have been chartered to load full cargoes for northern ports.

## YOUR LIVER'S MAKING YOU FEEL OUT OF SORTS

### Wake up your Liver

—No Colored one! When you feel low, depressed, and no the body, it is the liver that is at fault. It is the liver that is the seat of the digestive and assimilating organs. When the liver is weak, it is the cause of many of the ailments of the body. It is the liver that is the seat of the blood-making process. When the liver is weak, it is the cause of many of the ailments of the body. It is the liver that is the seat of the blood-making process. When the liver is weak, it is the cause of many of the ailments of the body.

W. N. U. 1930



BEST FOR ADULTS 100

## National Dairy Council

Allan C. Fraser, of Calgary, Is Appointed Secretary-Treasurer

Allan C. Fraser, well-known Calgary agriculturist, has been named secretary-treasurer of the National Dairy Council of Canada, succeeding W. F. Stephen, of Ottawa. Announcement followed the close of the two-day annual meeting of the council at Toronto.

W. H. Foster, of Hamilton, and P. C. Colquhoun, of Angle Creek, Sask., were returned as president and vice-president, respectively.

Feature of the annual meeting was the announcement of a new commission providing equal representation on the executive for producers and manufacturers. The latter had previously enjoyed two-thirds control of the board. The number of voting delegates on the council was reduced from 32 to 18.

Producers named their executive members as follows: P. C. Colquhoun, of Maple Creek, Sask.; Norman Clarke, of Didsbury, Alberta; R. U. Hurford, of Courtney, B.C.; Hector Cutten, of Truro, N.S.; and W. L. Carr, of Huntington, Que.

Manufacturers' representatives on the executive are Col. C. B. Price, of Montreal; W. H. Foster, of Hamilton; Robert Barbour, of Yorkton, Sask.; J. M. Carruthers, of Winnipeg; and G. W. Morris, of Quebec.

Appointment of Mr. Fraser to succeed Mr. Stephen will take effect on the latter's 70th birthday, May 28.

## Improving Wheat Section

### Scientists Aim To Produce Same Quality From Half The Acreage

Not the doubling of the wheat crop, but on the other hand producing the same quantity on half the acreage, and in that manner reducing the cost of production, is the aim of Dr. H. T. Gussow, Dominion biologist, who attended the conference of plant breeders, plant pathologists, and cereal chemists from Ottawa, and the west provinces held in the Atlantic city of St. John's, N.S., last week. Dr. Gussow said that while success is not yet achieved, its attainment appears within measurable distance, though several years of further research and experimentation will be needed before this aim can be definitely to have been reached. Dr. Gussow's interests extend from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and he has assistants all over Canada working on new or improved varieties of different plants. He is now making a tour of the west inspecting the results secured at different points.

## An International Preacher

Has Church in Canada and Also in United States

With a church in British Columbia and another in Alaska, Rev. Frank H. Bushfield, formerly of Winnipeg, can claim to be working out church unity on an international basis. One congregation worships in the United Church of Canada at Stewart, B.C., and the other, the Methodist Episcopal Church, at Fairbanks, Alaska. Mr. Bushfield belongs to the Prince Rupert Presbytery of the United Church. He is a graduate of Victoria College, Toronto, and has served in Alberta and Vancouver.

## U.S. Creates New Jobs

According to the Canadian Sentinel Monitor, the United States is about to open 250,000 jobs of a brand new kind to the unemployed. Senate bills now pending the final touches of the first of the unemployment measures and Department of Labor agencies will begin enrolling willing workers for reforestation, soil erosion and conservation work. Life in forest camps will beat pounding the pavement.

Trade between Russia and China is reported to be increasing.

Edinburgh has an anti-food-waste drive.

## Debate Via Radio

Speakers in Edmonton, Saskatoon and Winnipeg in Consecutive Discourse

The recent radio debate between representatives of the University of Alberta and the University of Manitoba was the first in local history and the third in a series. It was unique in that the public, listening to the debate speakers in Edmonton, Winnipeg and Saskatoon, in consecutive discourse, without a hitch or mechanical difficulty.

Telephone wires connected the three stations; and four times during the broadcast the flow of sound between Edmonton and Winnipeg, and vice versa, had to be changed by reversing the repeaters. This operation, requiring thirty seconds each time, was accomplished so smoothly that the public was unaware of it. And as a flourish of mechanical perfection, the Saskatoon station broadcasted music, while the judges were arriving at their decision, which was heard by receivers tuning in on all three stations.

Such types of broadcasting are passing the stage of "stunting," since they reach the public completely and clearly. It is another indication of the possibilities becoming apparent in radio, of a serious and thought-provoking character, Winnipeg Free Press.

## Helps With Inventions

Wife Of Noted Inventor Gives Him an Amiable Assistance

Mrs. Alice Mary Herbert Russell Brown, who announces in the "London Gazette" that she intends to assume the Christian names of her husband, Mr. Sydney George Brown, F.R.S., instead of her own, is a most able lady, who has taken a leading part in developing her husband's amazing electrical and gyroscopic inventions. These have won him many distinctions. He is one of the greatest and most prolific inventors of modern times, by means of one of his inventions the Flying Corps first received wireless messages on airships and aeroplanes and his gyroscopic compass is one of the most interesting marine devices of the age.

## Should Know His Route

Motorman Has Covered Some Ten Miles Over 200,000 Times

William Willis, aged 66, of Oakville, Ont., has had a long and varied career, but his greatest achievement is the world's greatest globe-trotter, although in the last 44 years he has covered only 10 miles of the earth's surface. His right to travel rests on the fact that he has shuffled back and forth over that same ten miles more than 200,000 times. He is a motorman and for 44 years has been on the same route, a distance of five miles from Berkeley to a ferry wharf. His total mileage via trolley wheels is 2,000,200, a distance equivalent to almost 100 times the circuit of the earth at the equator or ten times the distance to the moon.

## Bear Rugs Are Cheap

Some Selling At The Pas For Only Ten Dollars

Fur rugs for their covering are coming back into style as the result of low prices for skins. Making of bear rugs and the mounting of heads and paws and claws has developed into quite an industry at The Pas.

Little white bear rug, a novelty of the Churchill country, sell as low as \$10. Little black bear rug may be had for even less. A nice big polar bear rug is worth \$75. Black timber wolves run up to \$20.

## A Good Egg Story

A versatile hen of New Rochelle, New York, laid two eggs, one of which was battisperm grey and the other jet black. Then she laid an ordinary white one, the relief of Mr. Michael Churchill, the owner of the farm, was a double yolk. The colored eggs are not broken, so the state of their interiors is not known.

## Vicious Cuckoo

No one food has more value for the brain than any other, though fish has been called a brain food.

Sour milk will remove iron rust from white goods.

## Headaches and Bizz Spells

### Nerves In Bad Condition

Mr. Neil Crawford, Hamilton, Ont., writes: "My nerves were in such bad condition I found it almost impossible to get a good night's sleep. I was also bothered with headaches and dizzy spells."

I tried many different remedies, but they did not seem to give me much relief. I had taken Milburn's Nerve Pills and I could not believe the change they had made in my condition."

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The J. Milburn Co. Ltd.

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The J. Milburn Co. Ltd.



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## HEART OF THE NORTH

**WILLIAM BYRON MOWERY**  
(FRC Series)  
Copyright by William Byron Mowery

## CHAPTER IX—Continued.

A little after gray dawn Alan re-built the fire, cooked breakfast, and reluctantly awakened his partner. Later, when they skirted out to the 'plane, Buzzard glanced at the tanks and remarked tersely:

"I hope your buddy, this Haddock, has got some gas and oil out to that lake. It'll be our finish if he hasn't!"

"Bill will have it there," Alan assured. "He may not be there himself, but he's probably on duty, but we agreed exactly where to take it. It'll be waiting for us."

They climbed in, taxied twice around the lake to warm the sputtering motor, took off and headed north toward Goose Point at Lake En Travese.

With the heavy rains stopped and the insect swarms abating, Alan knew the bandits were on the move again or shortly would be. When they did stop, he wanted to be there on the Big Alaska to look out for Joyce.

Ever since he came to believe that Dave MacMillan knew nothing of this crime, he had been puzzling about that pack of stolen furs. Something dark and sinister lay behind that pack. There was no doubt about it.

Alan reasoned: "Those furs didn't get it that shed by accident. The men might have had a grudge against Dave MacMillan and planted them there. They might have figured he'd show them to us and then they'd be safe. That guess is at their grudge might lead them to strike at Joyce."

If they intended anything against Joyce, they doubtlessly would have let it just before they started eastward on their trek through the Great Barrens and Strong-Woods. Alan had dreamed of that, dreamed of her being captured and taken along, as the bandits had captured Margaret Fournier.

With Haskell refusing to extend her any protection whatsoever, Alan felt that he and he alone stood between her and a terrible danger. If anything happened to the 'plane, or to him and Buzzard, . . .

Looking ahead through the propeller, he glimpsed the great blue lake of his rendezvous with Bill. A few minutes later on the northern shore he sighted Goose Point reaching out into the sunlit waters of En Travese.

Leaning forward, he pointed out the promontory to Buzzard and shouted into his partner's ear:

"That's the place. Glide down and light, close in as you can. I don't see any more."

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**MINARD'S**  
"KING OF PAIN" PAIN EXPELLER

W. H. U. 1930

Bill there, but he probably couldn't get away from duty to wait for us. Our supplies are cached in that red-willow thicket back next to the wood. We'll go ashore and get them."

Buzzard cut off the ignition. The engine roar stopped. As the 'plane glided down, Alan demanded: "What's you mean, Bill? What under heaven are you doing over there? What happened? Man, you're all shot!"

"An half-die!" Bill bellowed. His voice was that, could hardly stand up. With the long strain over, a fearful reaction had set in. He looked ready to fall down dead asleep.

"But what happened?" Alan repeated. "That's what! Johnny Jump-up caught onto our trick. He was out to bag this air machine and nail you two. And he came skittish close to doing it. Lemme tell it."

"I had those drums caked over there on Goose Point like we arranged, and I was waiting there, never suspecting a thing. One evening—"

"You've been four or five days ago—"

"An—near lost track of time. . ."

Anyway, I was sitting there in the willows slapping mosquitoes and listening to a couple of loons. Suddenly, I saw something black at the timber edge."

"I hadn't noticed much to do, so I sort of nosed back that way to see what all the fuss was about. When I got up pretty close I all at once smelled tobacco smoke, cigarette smoke. Just a faint whiff, but no mistake about it."

"What the h—!" says I. "Who's smoking? Turkey tobacco, carried here?" It made me leery right away. I followed my nose upwind and smuck up real careful. There in the misty drogue of between was Stanley, that Ogi-Tomak, sitting against the butt, lighting one cigarette on the butt of the last. They were that kind of cigarette that Haskell gets clear from Paris, Alan."

"When he finally got close to people being near, he grabbed for his rifle. But I jumped for him first and hit a couple of times, and while he was coming out of it I topped that gun of his around a tree. Then I culled him and asked him what the condemnation his intentions might be. At first he closed up like an oyster and wouldn't do nothing but grunt and look sour. I was suspicious of him laying low there watching me, so I up and landed—"

"—out of him then and there. Bill he did pry open his jaws. "Haskell had hired him to shadow me and spy out what I was doing. He must have got hep somehow to me taking that gas. And he and that fishworm Whipple were coming there to Goose Point in the launch to get me, gas, oil, then lay low and nail you two when you lit down. Two bits to a shirt button they're over there right now!"

As he thought how close he and Buzzard had come to being taken and being captured, Alan shuddered. Bill went on: "When the Smoky told me that . . . Say, did I make some tell you that the lake—it was a wiggle on in my life. With the Smoky helping, I made two trips across the lake and making the drums all away—"

"—and except one drum when I heard the lake coming and he had time to take—"

"It's still over there," Alan interrupted. "They rolled it out in plain sight like a decoy, but instead of that it made me suspicious. They overplayed. Bill? What? What? What? What?"

(To Be Continued.)

## Would Use Wheat

Urges Use Of Surplus Grain For Making Industrial Alcohol

Action by the Department of Agriculture with a view to the use of surplus grain as principal raw material in the manufacture of industrial alcohol was urged in the House of Commons, The Department, said, G. C. Coote, U.F.A. Member, when presenting the matter should make a careful enquiry into the feasibility of action in this direction.

With a mixture of 15 to 20 per cent industrial alcohol and the balance composed of gasoline, a motor spirit fuel could be produced.

A bill along these lines was being introduced at Washington, asserted Mr. Coote.

The U.F.A. member read an editorial estimating the use of surplus wheat for manufacturing industrial alcohol would raise the price of wheat about 10 cents per bushel. Refuse from the grain used in manufacturing industrial alcohol could be used for feeding purposes for cattle, Mr. Coote said.

Proposed was made during consideration of estimates of the department of agriculture.

A full dentist's kit contains 6,000 different instruments.

gas and oil—that is, most of it—it's right ashore here, ready for you. There's more cached up the Alooska, too. It was so easy. . . . When you lit down over there. . . . Lord I was afraid you were a goner!"

Heavily introducing a new partner to an old one, Alan demanded: "What's you mean, Bill? What under heaven are you doing over there? What happened? Man, you're all shot!"

"An half-die!" Bill bellowed. His voice was that, could hardly stand up. With the long strain over, a fearful reaction had set in. He looked ready to fall down dead asleep.

"But what happened?" Alan repeated. "That's what! Johnny Jump-up caught onto our trick. He was out to bag this air machine and nail you two. And he came skittish close to doing it. Lemme tell it."

"I had those drums caked over there on Goose Point like we arranged, and I was waiting there, never suspecting a thing. One evening—"

"You've been four or five days ago—"

"An—near lost track of time. . ."

Anyway, I was sitting there in the willows slapping mosquitoes and listening to a couple of loons. Suddenly, I saw something black at the timber edge."

"I hadn't noticed much to do, so I sort of nosed back that way to see what all the fuss was about. When I got up pretty close I all at once smelled tobacco smoke, cigarette smoke. Just a faint whiff, but no mistake about it."

"What the h—!" says I. "Who's smoking? Turkey tobacco, carried here?" It made me leery right away. I followed my nose upwind and smuck up real careful. There in the misty drogue of between was Stanley, that Ogi-Tomak, sitting against the butt, lighting one cigarette on the butt of the last. They were that kind of cigarette that Haskell gets clear from Paris, Alan."

"When he finally got close to people being near, he grabbed for his rifle. But I jumped for him first and hit a couple of times, and while he was coming out of it I topped that gun of his around a tree. Then I culled him and asked him what the condemnation his intentions might be. At first he closed up like an oyster and wouldn't do nothing but grunt and look sour. I was suspicious of him laying low there watching me, so I up and landed—"

"—out of him then and there. Bill he did pry open his jaws. "Haskell had hired him to shadow me and spy out what I was doing. He must have got hep somehow to me taking that gas. And he and that fishworm Whipple were coming there to Goose Point in the launch to get me, gas, oil, then lay low and nail you two when you lit down. Two bits to a shirt button they're over there right now!"

As he thought how close he and Buzzard had come to being taken and being captured, Alan shuddered. Bill went on: "When the Smoky told me that . . . Say, did I make some tell you that the lake—it was a wiggle on in my life. With the Smoky helping, I made two trips across the lake and making the drums all away—"

"—and except one drum when I heard the lake coming and he had time to take—"

"It's still over there," Alan interrupted. "They rolled it out in plain sight like a decoy, but instead of that it made me suspicious. They overplayed. Bill? What? What? What? What?"

(To Be Continued.)

## Woman Loses 28 lbs.

Trips Upstairs Like a 2-Year-Old

A woman writes: "Three months ago, after much argument, I was persuaded against my will to try Kruschen. I really must say I feel a different woman. My age is 37 years. I have now lost 28 lbs. in three weeks. I feel like a 2-year-old child, and while before, to go upstairs was a great feat, now, as my husband says, I trip up like a two-year-old." (Mrs.) S.G.H.

Kruschen Sals keep the system free from encumbering waste matter. This wastage is regularly expelled it will give rise to rheumatic and other body poisons. And Nature is able to take the defensive course of storing this poison-breeding material out of the way in the form of fatty tissue. Unlike most salts, Kruschen is not merely a laxative. It is a combination of six salts which have a tonic influence upon every organ, nerve and fibre of your body.

## An Unenviable Record

United States Has Highest Murder Rate in World

The United States alone leads the civilized world in the number of murders per year, according to Dr. Frederick Hoffman, statistician, whose survey, based on homicide records from 180 cities, is published in the Spectator, an insurance periodical. The rate for the United States in 1927 was 10.8 homicides per 100,000 of population.

"Human life was never so cheap and insecure in the United States as it is at the present time," says Dr. Hoffman, "and murder is decidedly more common in the country than in any other country of the world which makes a claim of being civilized. It is also the lamentable truth that crime and punishment in this country often lie far apart."

He noted that the rate for England and Wales in 1923 was 0.5 per 100,000 of population. He pointed out that of seventy-six deaths of males by homicide in these countries in 1931, firearms were used in but six cases, as compared with 66 per cent. in the United States.

Dr. Hoffman cited the shooting of Mayor Cermak of Chicago and the narrow escape of President Roosevelt as instances of the case with which the means of murder can be acquired.

"It is a sad fact," he wrote, "becoming an ingenious art. If not a trade, in this country and the number of murderers at large must be quite considerable."

## A Bad Custom

Getting By Without Paying Is Not To Be Commended

A Western Ontario paper defends young men who stole a ride on a train to see a hockey match in Toronto. It recalls that in the past nothing much was said when lads helped themselves to somebody's packing cases to take a line with, or took apples from an orchard, or stole into the Canadian games without paying anything at the gate. But now, it says, it is different. Other worse ones. There are people who think it is clever to slip by the street car conductor without putting a ticket in their boxes, but they probably would not like to be caught doing it.

## Record Still Stands

The world's record for longest non-stop run in the history of railway operation, made in 1925 between Montreal and Vancouver, a distance of 2,987 miles, still stands. It was made by an oil-electric car evolved by Canadian National Railways motive power engineers. The journey was made in 67 hours and the Rocky Mountains were crossed at a speed of 40 miles an hour.

## A Lucky Occupation

Zabe Ruth has signed a contract to play with the New York Yankees for \$25,000 a year. He has been with the world ten years and has been paid over \$800,000. He is 39 years old and can retire at any time with an assured income of \$10,000 per year. Baseball has been good to him.

## Some of the stunted trees in the "Barren Lands" of Canada are fully 200 years old.

Silk exports from America by greatest last year weighed 84,514 pounds.

## ZIG-ZAG CIGARETTE PAPERS

120 LEAVES 100 CIGARETTES 5¢

60 LEAVES 50 CIGARETTES 2 1/2¢

30 LEAVES 25 CIGARETTES 1 1/4¢

15 LEAVES 12 1/2 CIGARETTES 60¢

7 1/2 LEAVES 6 1/4 CIGARETTES 30¢

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# BABY'S OWN SOAP

Best for Baby Best for You

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Salta Observatory reported that volcanoes in the central Chilean mountain region were moderately active, with indications of intense activity in the near future.

Prof. Albert Einstein, who renounced his German citizenship because of anti-semitism in Germany, has accepted an invitation to become a member of the faculty of University of Madrid.

The French naval air force was ordered to help maintain order along the frontier of Djibouti territory in French Somaliland where several rebellious Abyssinian tribes threatened trouble.

The honor of being the first woman professor in Scotland has fallen on Miss Cecilia J. MacTaggart, of Glasgow, who has just been appointed to the chair of Biology in the Anderson College of Medicine.

Calgary school board will take court action against parents who keep their children from attending school in protest against the city reverting to the summer unemployment relief schedule.

Wyoming has lost a titled ranchman and England has gained an actor. Oliver Henry Waller, 72, renounced his allegiance to the United States, placed his chips in methuins and became the Earl of Portsmouth, the 99th ranking peer of England.

Alberta will have only two district courts if an amendment to the Districts Courts Act, submitted to the legislature, is approved. At present there is a district court in each of the 16 judicial districts of the province.

Poultry markets in Western Canada are finding a market for their products in Great Britain. In the last two months of 1932, 1,500,000 pounds of fresh Saskatchewan and Manitoba turkeys were shipped to British markets.

Arthur Birkenhead, of Stettin, Alberta, has been awarded the Elizabeth II memorial scholarship for 1933 at the University of Alberta. This entitles the holder to journey to Geneva for a summer course at the Zimmer School of International Affairs.

## A Cold Summer

### Prediction That the Sun Will Show Less Heat For the Next Two Years

A prediction the sun will be colder for the next two years, with the possibility the earth will be affected in a way as yet unknown, was issued by Dr. Charles G. Abbot, secretary of the Smithsonian Institution.

Dr. Abbot already has had some success as a predictor of the sun's "weather". In 1920 he forecast two warm years on the sun, which in general has been fulfilled. Measurements have shown the sun has been giving out considerably more heat than normal since then.

Dr. Abbot's prediction is based on long study of periodical rises and falls in the sun's heat.

## Protection For Planes

### Ice Umbrella Will Shield Hub Of The Propeller

An ice umbrella for propeller hub, a device said to overcome the last remaining ice peril for aeroplanes, was announced at Cornell University.

This umbrella shields the hub of the propeller.

The danger is not from the ice on or directly in front of the hub, but the danger is from the ice spreading in both directions outward along the whirling blades.

Planes of the Royal Dutch Air Lines need 1,918,505 miles last year.



W. N. U. 1900

## Depression Has Hit Court Interpreters

### Lack Of Foreign Weddings In Montreal Affects Their Income

Interpreters in the recorder's court at Montreal, are blaming a lack of weddings in Montreal's foreign colony for their reduced earnings lately. There was a time when weddings and the celebrations following them were numerous and quite often those who celebrated too much found themselves explaining the reason for their actions in court. It was a poor day when that did not bring forth five or six cases for the interpreter to take part in. and, of course, the more cases the larger his income. Now many people are out of work and cannot afford to get married. Those who do, fail to celebrate, making appearances in court rare, complained one man who had earned only \$8 in one week.

## Argentine Delicacies

### One Called "Palmito" Entails Cutting Down Palm Tree

The visit of the Argentine Mission to London has already had its influence on restaurants. Many are specializing in dishes and delicacies peculiar to South America. One of these is "palmito," an herbaceous very popular with the Prince of Wales. He first tasted it in Buenos Aires three years ago. Its preparation entails cutting down a palm tree. The heart is then cut into cubes, soaked in oil, and served with lemon, anchovies, and sliced olives.



By Ruth Rogers



Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Fashion

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## Disease-Resistant Wheats

### Small Quantities Of Seed Are Now Made Available

Highly disease-resistant wheats have now been produced that are perfectly satisfactory from the standpoint of quality and agronomic behavior, the specialists committee on field crop diseases announced at the conclusion of its fifth annual meeting in the Dominion Rust Research Laboratory, in Winnipeg, Dr. C. H. Goulden, of the laboratory, presented the report.

"It seems that out of 33 strains in the co-operative tests of 1932 at least six are suitable for distribution to farmers, but only small quantities of seed are available at present, and it will take two seasons to increase the quantity available to the required point," the statement read. "In the meantime, commercial milling tests will be made on the strains selected and further field tests, with a view to reducing their number to two or three adapted to the varying conditions to be found in the wheat-growing area."

"Every effort will be made from now on to increase the seed of these wheats as rapidly as possible."

## Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

### CHOCOLATE PRUNE CAKE

- 2 cups cooked prunes.
- 1 1/2 cups granulated sugar.
- 3/4 cup shortening.
- 2 1-ounce squares bitter chocolate.
- 3 eggs.
- 2 1/2 cups flour (pastry or cake).
- 4 teaspoons baking powder.
- 1/2 teaspoon soda.
- 1 cup milk.
- 1 teaspoon vanilla.

Remove pits from prunes and cut prunes into small pieces. Cream sugar with shortening. Melt chocolate over hot water and add to creamed mixture; mix, add well beaten eggs and mix again. Sift flour with baking powder, soda and salt and add alternately with the milk, a small amount at a time. Add prunes and vanilla and beat thoroughly. Pour into three greased cake tins and bake 25 to 30 minutes in a moderate oven (375 degrees Fahrenheit). Put layers together and spread top and sides with chocolate butter frosting.

### ECONOMY MEAT PIE

Cut left-over meat and vegetables into uniform medium-sized pieces. Mix with an equal amount of mince, cream sauce (1 cup milk, 2 tablespoons flour, 2 tablespoons butter). Season well with onion, salt, pepper, etc. (Use left-over gravy with cream sauce if possible). Cover with a thick pie crust, biscuit dough, or layer of left-over mashed potato mixed with milk (one slightly beaten egg can be added to potato if desired). Bake in a moderate oven until the crust is cooked, or until browned and heated through if potato is used.

England's oldest free church building, the Hoxton Congregational Church, which still boasts a thatched roof, recently celebrated its 350th anniversary.

## ON THE SEE-SAW OF DESTINY



The "ups and downs" of life were never better illustrated than by this picture. Chancellor Adolf Hitler, once a humble house-painter and now Dictator of Germany is shown chatting with former Crown Prince Wilhelm who was in line to rule the country before his father's abdication, and who is now an ordinary citizen. They are pictured at Potsdam just before the opening of the special session of the Reichstag at which Hitler demanded and was granted dictatorial power.

# Powerful Flashlight FREE for POKER HANDS!



It pays to "Roll Your Own" with **TURRET FINE CUT CIGARETTE TOBACCO** SAVE THE POKER HANDS!

ONLY Four complete sets of poker hands will secure you this handy flashlight (complete with batteries). Useful in the car or in the house and but one of the many valuable gifts given in exchange for Turret Poker Hands.

Bun ripened mellow... extra-estimating flavour. That's the quality you get in every cigarette and that's the quality of Turret. Fine Cut. And there's genuine economy too. You can get at least 50 cigarettes from a 200 package.

**SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON**  
APRIL 23  
**CHRIST APPEARS TO SIMON PETER**  
Golden Text: "Because I live, ye shall live also."—John 14:19.  
Lesson: 1 Corinthians 15:1-8, 20-26.  
Devotional Reading: 1 Corinthians 15:51-58.

## Explanations and Comments

The Historical Evidence Of the Resurrection Of Christ, verses 1-4. "Now, brothers, I declare unto you the good tidings which I preached while I was with you at Corinth," Paul wrote his church there. The Corinthians were not in danger of denying Christianity, but of not accepting Paul's teachings as Paul had proclaimed them, and so he continued: "The good tidings which you received, to which you subscribe, if you remain true to my preaching—should you believe in vain." "If I believed in immortality as you believe in it, as you profess to do, I should live a far better life than you appear to live. I should strive more earnestly and bear more patiently. I do not think I should ever be troubled with a fear, or worried with an earthly burden. I think I would be a saint and joyful if I believed as you do in eternal things—in resurrection and a life beyond in which all things will be made right."—Harriet Martineau.

Most important of all the good tidings which I declared unto you, which I was told (probably by Peter and James) on his visit to Jerusalem recorded in Acts 9:27, 28), is that Christ died to atone for our sins according to the scriptures, that He was buried; and that he was raised on the third day.

Oh, vanquished grave of Jesus whose chill could work no change upon His heart!

Oh, deep grave of Jesus whose depths can hide a world's woes!

Oh, glorious grave of Jesus through whose gloom lies the pathway to Immortal Life!—Ralph Connor.

That He appeared to Simon Peter (Luke 24:34); To the Twelve (Paul keeps the symbolic number though Judas was dead); to more than two hundred at once; usually identified with Matthew 28:7-10, some of whom are dead, but the greater number are still living (and you can have their direct testimony, if you wish). Then He appeared to James, the brother of Jesus (Acts 1:13; Gal 1:19); then to all the apostles, just before the Ascension (Acts 4); and last of all, as to the child untimely born, He appeared to me also, in the way to Damascus (Acts 9).

Czechoslovakia has placed taxes on radio tubes and electric light bulbs.

Elk Reinhold, the German air-warrior, will fly from Berlin to Arabi.

On the See-Saw of Destiny

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## Chose the Better Way

### Hospital in India Fitting Memorial For Sir William Wauchope

Sir William Wauchope, surgeon to have been the most famous surgeon in India, is dead in California. Native Canadian, he went to India years ago under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church in the United States. There will be no need to erect a memorial to him; the Presbyterian Hospital at Miral, India, tells the story better than anything else can do.

He had not been in India long before the people turned toward him. He was as much a missionary as a surgeon. Those who were wealthy and it is said that Sir William could have made himself rich in his profession.

It is recorded that he retained only his salary as a missionary, turning over his fees to build a 250-bed hospital, also a medical school and five out-patient stations. More than that he maintained the staff of 125 working in the hospital, paying their salaries, and due to his efforts there was brought into existence, a leper sanitarium and a tubercular hospital in the vicinity.

Had this man of God been concerned about building his private fortune he could have done so. He could have wanted out the needy folk who paid him nothing; he could have allowed the lepers to continue standing to one side, victims of a living death. He could have so chartered his course that he might have retired immensely wealthy, and with his retirement his work would have ceased.

Sir William chose the better way. Today the doors of the ample hospital are open; the work of caring for sick folk goes on. In the days of his stress he used his powers to create something which would live long after his skill and direction had been rendered.

It makes good reading; there is much that is entirely wholesome about the outlook and conservation of life. It is a story that is well worth being rich indeed if it could keep on producing men of similar vision.—St. Thomas Thomas-Journal.

## Sharing Large Houses

### Fashion Introduced In London By Duke Of Connaught

In these hard-up times people in London are trying to solve the problem of being saddled with houses too large for them by dividing them into family flats. Instead of young married couples taking small houses in Chelsea or elsewhere, they install themselves in part of the parental home with separate housekeeping of their own. The idea was started by the Duke of Connaught, who gave Lady Patricia Ramsay, an "apartment" in Clarence House when she married.

## Has Bullet-Proof Car

Viscount Makoto Sato, Japan's elderly Premier, has bought a large armored American automobile. It is bullet proof against small weapons. The machine, costing \$6,000, is a closed limousine with bullet-proof glass. Threats against the Premier's life have been increasingly frequent. His two predecessors were assassinated by nationalist fanatics.

"What an appropriate-looking hot-dog stand!"

It was made of dugwood and covered with bark."

The first post office in Calgary, Alberta, was opened in 1882.

## Made Success Of Holby

### A striking record was made by Constable Carl F. Walden, of Stockholm.

He recovered 21,000 lost or stolen bicycles in his thirty-two years of service. He has just retired on a pension. Finding missing wheels was a hobby with Walden.

Dill, a herb used in making caplain pickles, grows wild in some parts of British Columbia.



## ADmits GUILT IN SOVIET CHARGE OF SABOTAGE

Moscow, Russia.—W. H. MacDonald, one of the six British engineers who went on trial on charges of sabotage, bribery and espionage, made a double admission he was guilty.

He entered a plea of guilty when the session opened. The first witness called a detailed story MacDonald had bribed him to act as spy, and the young Briton confirmed almost all of the testimony.

The other Britons on trial—Allan Monkhouse, Charles Nordwell, L. C. Thornton, W. A. Gregory and John Cusby—all pleaded not guilty. Eleven Russian employees of the Metropolitan-Vickers Electrical Company, for which all of the Britons worked, pleaded guilty.

In London official circles MacDonald's plea did not come as a surprise, for it was considered the result of his long solitary confinement, and the methods of questioning which he used the Soviet police, described by the British as "third degree" methods.

The other Britons pleaded not guilty to an indictment which is based upon the testimony of a woman named Kutsuzova. She said they all were spies, and they had bribed Russians for information which they sent to England, and that they had systematically damaged important Russian industrial plants.

The 11 Russian employees of the company includes one woman. They pleaded guilty.

Their trial started in "October Hall" the house of the trades union, which was guarded closely by uniformed and bayoneted soldiers stationed inside and outside the court room.

"October Hall" was crowded to its capacity of approximately 500. Spectators were admitted by lottery. Four judges, one of whom is an alternate, were seated on the elevated dais, back of which stood a squad of uniformed soldiers.

The prisoners were seated in a dock to the right and behind the judges, with two soldiers, with bayonets fixed, standing immediately in front of them.

Nine defense attorneys were in evidence of them representing the Englishmen.

To the left sat sandy-haired and bespectacled Prosecutor Audrey Vinsky. He had one assistant.

Monkhouse, Nordwell, Thornton, Gregory and Cusby first filed in, followed by the remainder of the prisoners, who had been kept in custody. (All of the British subjects except MacDonald had been released on bail).

## Lower Trade Barriers

Move To Facilitate Trade Between Canada and U.S.

New York.—A despatch to the New York Herald-Tribune from its Washington correspondent, says a survey suggesting a possible basis of agreement to lower trade barriers between the United States and Canada has been completed at the United States capital.

The despatch goes on to say that an exhaustive American examination of the present commerce over the northern (Canadian) border brought Washington officials to the conclusion the United States could lower its tariffs on Canadian cattle, fish and lumber in return for Dominion concessions in customs regulations, methods of valuation, and in the Canadian duties on American coal, steel, machinery, chemicals and an impressive list of manufactured articles.

Chicago Teachers Parade  
Chicago.—Chanting "We want cash" more than 1,000 demonstrators paraded through the Loop here in protest of non-payment of school teachers, stormed the offices of the board of education, and smashed their way through a door before seeing Orville Taylor, board president. The city owes teachers some \$28,000, yet in back pay.

Unable To Speak  
Oak Park, Ill.—The parents of Miss Patricia Maguire, ill with sleeping sickness since February, 1932, reported a fatal injection of serum, prepared from the blood of victims who have recovered from the disease, caused a marked improvement in the girl's muscular activity, but that she was still unable to speak.

W. N. U. 1930

## Akron Naval Inquiry

Evidence Indicates That Mammoth Driftbroke In Mid-Air  
Lakehurst, N.J.—A picture of the mammoth driftbroke Akron dropping through the clouds with its bow up at an angle of 30 degrees and hitting the water with a crash "like stepping on a penny box of matches," was given the United States naval court of inquiry here.

With the picturesque words of a sailor, Moody Erwin, a naval aviator, told the story of the flight that cost 73 lives. Erwin was one of three survivors of the disaster.

Erwin joined Richard E. Deal, boatwain, in telling of the breaking of longitudinal girders and the steep decline of the ill-fated airship following what both described as a terrific gust of wind.

Both, too, testified the first break in the structure of the ship occurred in the air following the gust they described. Whereas Lieutenant Commander H. V. Wiley, the trial court, changing his opinion, said the ship's framework did not break until the Akron struck the water. The court said that two of the two killed men were in longitudinal girders, on the right hand side, midway between the bottom and top.

## Curb Reckless Skiing

More Stringent Regulations In Mountain Areas Are Recommended

Bank, Alberta.—According to reckless skiers, the regulations in the area were so strict that they were not worth the effort. The 11 Russian employees of the company includes one woman. They pleaded guilty.

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## Mounties For Saskatoon

Unit Of Thirty-Five Sent From Training School At Regina  
Saskatoon.—Thirty-five mounted R.C.M.P. men arrived by train from the training school at Regina, headquarters for Saskatchewan.

Under the command of Inspector L. J. Sampson, there are two corporals and 32 men in the group. All have horses, brought here in three horse loads over the Canadian Pacific Railway.

According to an official statement the Mounties were brought here to complete their training by mounted patrol work in districts tributary to Saskatoon. All the men have been billeted in a local hotel and their mounts have been stabled in a west side barn. Non-commissioned officers among the new arrivals are Corporals J. Hellos and F. Cleary.

## Currency Depreciation

Secretary For Dominion Refers To Situation In Australia And New Zealand

London, Eng.—J. H. Thomas, Secretary for the Dominions, told the House of Commons he does not think the depreciation of the Australian and New Zealand currencies was deliberate breaches of the agreements signed at Ottawa during the Imperial Economic Conference. Mr. Thomas said he did not think the question appropriate for the British government to make representations on. It was suggested it was done to help trials of those countries.

## INDIA WILL END TRADE TREATY WITH JAPAN

New Delhi, India.—The government of India announced steps had been taken to end the trade convention with Japan signed in 1905. The government has given Japan six months' notice of termination of the "most favored nation" clause of the convention.

Removal of Japan from the list of nations enjoying "most favored nation" treatment in the Indian customs tariff schedules is a protective measure to offset dumping, it was explained by Sir Joseph Bore, commerce member of the viceroy's executive council.

The announcement was made while the legislative assembly was discussing Sir Joseph's motion for consideration of an anti-dumping bill. The minister explained abrogation of the treaty with Japan was intended to offset the effect of special conditions such as Japan's depreciated currency, and other factors which resulted in the dumping of goods in this country at abnormally low rates.

India's greatest cotton in recent years for her cotton has been Japan, but this is exported in the natural state and a great part is imported in cotton piece goods. Japan has gradually increased her advantage over the United Kingdom in selling cotton piece goods to India.

Improvement Is Shown Over Last Year In Annual Statement  
London, Eng.—Substantial improvement shown last year is shown in the annual report of the Hudson's Bay Company, Limited, for the year ended January 31, although a trading loss of \$22,394 is reported after the allocation of \$109,281 to depreciation.

Appropriate provision has been made for losses in respect of the federal parks department, and also against stock values. In addition, the report states, \$106,297 has been provided against losses on sales and also against stock values. It has been decided to release properties which have become superfluous, although such sales may involve a loss. Some of these properties were sold during the current year. Provision has, therefore, been made for the losses incurred as a reserve set up against further anticipated losses in this connection.

Letter Of Forgiveness  
Toronto, Ont.—In behalf of a group of Toronto clergy, a letter of forgiveness has been sent to John A. Macchary at Stony Mountain penitentiary, to which he was sentenced seven years for theft of funds from the University of Manitoba. Rev. H. G. Woodcock said the Oxford group had brought a "change of heart" in himself and fellow clergy, and it was decided to send a letter of forgiveness to Macchary for the loss of church funds in his custody.

Reindeer Trek Almost Ended  
Ottawa, Ont.—The long trek of Canada's reindeer herd from western Alaska to the Mackenzie River delta is nearly ended. Hon. T. G. Murphy, minister of the interior, said recently the herd, which has been travelling since December, 1929, has arrived at the west bank of the Mackenzie River in the Arctic ocean.

Duties Against Cattle From Ireland  
London, Eng.—A new scale of specific duties for live cattle from Ireland imposed by the Irish Free State was imposed by a treasury order. In future such cattle, instead of paying 10 per cent. ad valorem per head, will be divided into five classes.

## ATTACKS SOVIET BILL

Sir Stafford Crpps, former Solicitor-General in the MacDonald-Skelton government, who declared himself opposed to the emergency bill passed by the British House, which gave wide powers to deal with the Soviet in the event that the forthcoming trial of six British subjects did not satisfy them. The bill received its third reading with a large majority.



No War Pension Reduction  
To Effect Desired Economies Without Disrupting Present System  
Ottawa, Ont.—No reduction in war pensions, but enactment of legislation which would effect desired economies without disrupting the present pension situation is under consideration by the government. Proposals that the income tax be applied to pensions and that, after a definite "deadline," no more dependents be added to the pension list have replaced the government's move to suspend payment of pension to war-pensioners in the civil service.

The new plan is understood to have the approval of representatives of the Associated Veterans not in conference here. According to the experience, the chief merit of the new economy lies in the fact that it will not affect existing pensioners, or at all events only those whose income is sufficiently large to bring them under the operations of the income tax. The small-salaried pensioners would not be disturbed.

British Exports  
Trade Figures Show Evidence Of Business Revival  
London, Eng.—An improvement in British exports for March is announced.

Preliminary board of trade figures gave the March export total as £32,921,000, as compared with £27,908,000 for February, and £31,106,000 for March last year.

Imports show £26,346,000, as compared with £49,077,000 in February, and £61,181,000 in March, 1932.

Death Of Scientist  
Lausanne.—Jules Piccard, father of Dr. Auguste Piccard, explorer of the atmosphere, died here at the age of 93. He was a professor of chemistry in the University of Basel 40 years and was widely known for his scientific work.

Hitler Appoints Nazi Leaders As Governors  
Berlin, Germany.—Chancellor Adolf Hitler has added to his portfolio of Prussia to his duties and immediately appointed Hermann Wilhelm Goering, one of the principal Nazi leaders and minister without portfolio in the federal cabinet, to serve as premier of the state.

The Hitler appointment as governor was approved by the cabinet, which also named General Franz von Epp, another Nazi, to serve as governor of Bavaria. The general has been acting as federal commissioner for that state.

Calgary Mill Rate  
Property Tax For 1933 Set At Fifty Mills  
Calgary, Alberta.—City council last night approved a property tax rate of 50 mills and asked the commissioners to refund 1933 estimates on this basis.

Previously Mayor Davidson feared the mill rate would be set at 53, the highest in the city's history, but council last night instructed the commissioners to lower the rate by one mill compared with last year.

Alberta House Prorogues  
Close Of Third Session Of Seventh Legislature  
Edmonton, Alberta.—After putting 65 new acts on the statute books of the province, the provincial legislature was prorogued April 11th, by Hon. W. L. Walsh, Lieutenant-Governor.

The speech of his honor brought to a close the third session of the seventh legislature of Alberta which opened on February 9, just over two months ago.

Demand New Trial  
New York.—The International Labor Bureau League named prisoners to be presented to President Roosevelt would be nationally circulated demanding a new trial for Heywood, one of the recharging in the "Scottsboro case."

Pattern said he expected 1,000,000 signatures to the petitions within a week.

## Horse Breeders' Subsidy

Bonus To Assist Farm Horse Industry In Saskatchewan

Ottawa, Ont.—A bonus to owners of stallions in the province of Saskatchewan, which the Dominion and provincial governments will operate on a 50-50 basis, was announced by Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture.

The scarcity of good stallions in the prairie provinces and the shift by farmers from horse traction to the use of horses has made it necessary to assist the horse-breeding industry.

Because of conditions in the west with low grain prices many farmers find it difficult to finance the operations of tractors and in the spring of 1932 various horse breeders of the three prairie provinces approached Mr. Weir urging him to give to stallions which passed federal inspection.

Each department agrees to pay 50 per cent. of grants to clubs formed this year under the federal club policy. They also agree to pay premiums to owners of all stallions which are not clubbed but that passed inspection by federal inspectors in the past year and those that pass federal inspection this year.

The report estimates 19 per cent. of last year's crop of wheat is still in the farmery, which amounts to \$6,057,500 bushels. This is the same percentage as last year, although a greater volume, because of the heavier crop last summer.

C.N.R. Loan  
Railway Committee Passes Bill Authorizing Sum For Requirements

Ottawa, Ont.—With a minimum of discussion, the special railway committee of the House passed a bill authorizing the Canadian National to borrow \$12,500,000 for refunding requirements for the calendar year 1933 and authorizing the minister to loan the railways \$47,541,300 to meet the railways' net income deficit for the year.

R. B. Hanson, Conservative member for York-Sunbury, was elected temporary chairman. Hon. J. D. Chaplin, Cons., Lincoln, probably will be the permanent chairman.

The committee also will override one recommendation of the Duff royal commission on transportation. When the next meeting is held, S. J. Munro, acting president of the Canadian National and possibly one or more officials of the system, will be present when the annual budget is discussed. The Duff commission suggested no officials appear before the committee.

Chairman Hanson, speaking about railway officials being present, said the recommendation of the Duff commission was a "slap in the face" to the committee. The Duff commission had had many millions of dollars for the taxpayers of the country.

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## AKRON SURVIVORS IN WASHINGTON



Claude Swanson, United States Secretary of the Navy, is pictured as he congratulated Lieutenant-Commander Herbert Wiley and his two fellow survivors, Richard E. Deal and Moody Erwin, on their escape from death in the Akron disaster. The men flew from New York to Washington to give their official version of the catastrophe. They were referred to by Secretary Swanson as "members of a gallant crew as ever served in the United States Navy."

